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CLAIMS

- 1. A high-resolution magnetic encoder system (2), comprising a magnetic resistive sensor (4) mounted on a fixed suspension (6) above a magnetic medium (10), said suspension (6) being attached to a substrate (8) or a housing (22), and said magnetic medium (10) carrying at least one magnetic track (16), wherein said sensor (4) is adapted to perform a relative movement with respect to and in close contact to the surface of said magnetic medium (10), which is protected by a overcoat layer (20).
- 2. Magnetic encoder system according to claim 1, wherein said magnetic media (10) is a magnetic layer (14) deposited on a rotating disk (12).
- 3. Magnetic encoder system according to claim 1 or 2, wherein said overcoat layer (20) is selected from the group consisting of layers of DLC, C_xN_y , BN_x , CBN, B_xC_y , $B_x-C_y-N_z$ gradient layer, SiN_x , SiC, TiN, WC, AlO_x and the like.
- 4. Magnetic encoder system according to any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein said substrate (8) is an electronic board.
- 5. Magnetic encoder system according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein said magnetic sensor is a read/write magnetic head.
- 6. Magnetic encoder system according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein said magnetic sensor (4) is a GMR or a TMR sensor.

- 7. Magnetic encoder system according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the system is encapsulated.
- 8. Magnetic encoder system according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein said magnetic media (10) is a planar disk carrying magnetic encoder features that can be read out by a magnetic read sensor (36).
- 9. Method of forming a high-resolution magnetic encoder system (2), wherein a magnetic sensor (4) is mounted on a fixed suspension (6) above a magnetic media (10), said suspension (6) being attached to a substrate (8), and wherein said sensor (4) performs a relative movement with respect to and in close contact to the surface of said magnetic media (10), said magnetic media (10) being protected by a hard cover layer (20).
- 10. Method for fabricating a magnetic encoder disk (10), comprising the steps of
 - providing a servo pattern (24) in a contact stencil
 mask (26);
 - transferring said servo pattern (24) into a latent magnetic pattern in the magnetic coating of said encoder disk (10) by ion irradiation (30); and
 - activating said latent magnetic pattern by applying a magnetic field saturating the full disk (10) in one direction, and subsequently applying a counter magnetizing field, thereby reversing the features irradiated through said mask (26).

11. Method according to claim 10, wherein said reversed features are read out by a magnetic read sensor (36) in contact with said magnetic encoder disk (10).